

COURSE UNIT (MODULE) DESCRIPTION

Course unit (module) titl	Code				
Big data analysis					
Lecturer(s)	se unit (module) is delivered				
Coordinator: associate professor V. Skorniakov	ysis				

Other(s):

Study cycle	Level of course	Type of the course unit (module)
First	Advanced	Compulsory

Mode of delivery	Period when the course unit (module) is delivered	Language(s) of instruction
Face-to-face	Second (spring) semester	English

Requirements for students						
Prerequisites: descriptive statistics, basics of parametric	Additional requirements (if any):					
hypothesis testing, estimation theory and causal modelling;						
basics of R; ability to understand English at the level of						
independent user (B1 according to CEFR classification).						
Familiarity with machine learning, Python and arbitrary						
relational data base management system would be an						
advantage.						

Course (module) volume in credits	Total student's workload	Contact hours	Self-study hours
10	250	70	180

Purpose of the course unit (module): programme of with that given in the	competences to be developed (the possible of the competences to be developed (the program) of the program	number in the brackets coincides nme)					
creatively solve nonstandard theoretical and empirical problems (1);							
• critically analyse and correctly apply the results presented in the scientific literature (2);							
• apply the interdisciplinary knowledge (4);							
 prepare raw empirical data for the econometr 	ric analysis and professionally opera	te the econometric software (10);					
• analyse big data (9);							
• evaluate the adequacy of statistical models and	nd modify the models appropriately	(8);					
• know and understand at advanced level the p	roblems and principles of data scier	nce (5).					
I coming outcomes of the course unit (module).	Teaching and learning	Assessment methods					
Learning outcomes of the course unit (module);	Teaching and learning methods	Assessment methods					
Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should:	Teaching and learning methods	Assessment methods					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; 	Teaching and learning methodsLectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; be able to use software tools designed for 	Teaching and learning methodsLectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual tasks accomplishment	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; be able to use software tools designed for big data analysis; 	Teaching and learning methodsLectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual tasks accomplishment	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; be able to use software tools designed for big data analysis; be able to formalize practical problems and 	Teaching and learning methodsLectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual tasks accomplishment	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; be able to use software tools designed for big data analysis; be able to formalize practical problems and select appropriate statistical models 	Teaching and learning methodsLectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual tasks accomplishment	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					
 Learning outcomes of the course unit (module); after completing the course students should: be familiar with typical statistical models applied to big data analysis; be able to use software tools designed for big data analysis; be able to formalize practical problems and select appropriate statistical models suitable for the data at hand; 	Teaching and learning methods Lectures, problem solving and reading, assignments, individual tasks accomplishment	Assessment methods Tests, evaluation of individual assignments					

in literature as well as implement newly	
suggested methods.	

			Cont	act h	ours			Sel	f-study work: time and assignments
Content: breakdown of the topics	Lectures	Tutorials	Seminars	Exercises	Laboratory work	Internship/work	Contact hours	Self-study hours	Assignments
1. Introduction. Main concepts (big data, big data analytics, etc.). Examples. Brief review of currently available analytical methods along with appropriate software.	1						1	10	Read ch. 1 of [2]. Find an introductory article on big data analysis and read it on your own.
2. Typical tasks and theoretical models. Big data handling: cluster computing, batch and real time processing, NoSql database management systems. Short survey of typical machine learning models frequently encountered in big data analysis.	6				7		13	65	Solve a set of individual tasks assigned by the lecturer (assignment depends on the level of the students at hand and is not, therefore, detailed here). Regularly accomplish exercises designed for gaining of appropriate skills.
3. Software. R, Hadoop, Python, IPython, Jupyter notebook, Apache Spark, NoSql database management systems. A brief review of other relevant software.	18				16		34	65	Split into groups consisting of several students. Choose some software tool designed for big data analysis and undiscussed by the lecturer. Get familiar with it on your own. Present the tool to your classmates during the seminar.
4. Real data analysis. Worked examples of various real data analysis encompassing formulation of a problem and a full solution.	4						4	20	Carefully work on your own through several examples pointed out by the lecturer.
5. Assessments.					18		18	20	Prepare for tests.
Total							70	180	

Assessment strategy	Weight,%	Deadline	Assessment criteria
Test 1	15	3rd study week	The test consists of at most 5 practical tasks intended to check
			the level of knowledge obtained. The total weight of these tasks
Test 2	15	6th study week	equals to 1 point. The weight of each task ranges from 0.1 to 1
		-	point. Tasks are designed to be solved in a written form or by
Test 3	15	9th study week	making use of computer and appropriate software.
		-	Each task is evaluated as follows: a) the task is divided into

Test 4	15	12th study week	parts and each part is assigned an appropriate amount of points; b) if student accomplishes the part without mistakes, the whole amount of that part is attained; otherwise, the amount is reduced considering the mistakes made; c) the parts are evaluated independently.
Project type assignment	20	13-15 study weeks	The first assignment corresponds to the topic number 3 of the table "Contents: breakdown of the topics" and is described in a column "Assignments". The lecturer evaluates the following: 1) the amount of work done; 2) the quality of delivered presentation. Each group of students is allowed to show their work to the lecturer and to get critical comments before delivering the presentation. The mistakes pointed out are not taken into consideration when the evaluation takes place.
Individual assignment	20	The final examination session; however, the student is allowed to report at any time during the regular semester	At the beginning of the semester, every student gets a set of the tasks to be accomplished individually. He is allowed to report whenever he is finished. That is, evaluation can take place both during the semester and during the exam. The lecturer takes into account not only the solutions presented, but also the results of a short interactive interview conducted during the time of reporting.

Author	Year of public ation	Title	Issue of a periodical or volume of a publication	Publishing place and house or web link
Compulsary reading				
1. V. Skorniakov	2018	Introduction to Big Data Analysis. Lecture Notes		https://klevas.mif.vu.lt/~visk/B igData/
2. Bart Baesens	2014	Analytics in a Big Data World		John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
3. V. Skorniakov	2018	Python intro		https://klevas.mif.vu.lt/~visk/B igData/
4. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani	2013	An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R		Springer
Optional reading				
5. Vignesh Prajapati	2013	Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop		Packt Publishing
6. Alpaydin, Ethem	2016	Introduction to Machine Learning, Third Edition		The MIT Press
7. Sebastian Raschka	2015	Python Machine Learning		Packt publishing
8. Max Kuhn, Kjell Johnson	2013	Applied Predictive Modeling		Springer
9. Brett Lantz	2015	Machine Learning with R - Second Edition		Packt Publishing
10. Trevor Hastie, Jerome H. Friedman, Robert Tibshirani	2016	The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction, Second Edition		Springer