

COURSE UNIT (MODULE) DESCRIPTION

Course unit (module) title	Code
Language in leadership / Kalba lyderystėje	

Academic staff	Core academic unit(s)					
Coordinating: Prof. Dr. Julija Korostenskienė	Faculty of Philology, Institute of Foreign Languages					
Other:						

Study cycle	Type of the course unit
First	General university studies

Mode of delivery	Semester or period when it is delivered	Language of instruction
Face-to-face	Autumn/Spring	English

Requisites								
Prerequisites: English B2 level	Co-requisites (if relevant):							

Number of ECTS credits allocated	Student's workload (total)	Contact hours	Individual work
5	130	48	82

Purpose of the course unit

The goal of the course is to examine how language is employed in social and cultural phenomena to convey ideas through *targeted* and engaging *messages* in order to help students become more knowledgeable and conscious consumers and producers of various cultural forms (e.g., songs, advertisements, and films), able to apply effectively a range of rhetorical strategies on their way to becoming an agile, responsive, and responsible social leader.

Learning outcomes of the course unit	Teaching and learning methods	Assessment methods
 will be able to identify and critically examine how major cultural trends, tendencies, and values are encoded and conveyed in language and visual form as well as identify and analyse problematic issues will understand main contemporary perspectives and debates on notions such as ways of media communication, types of references, language domains and construction of social values 	Lectures/seminars	Final exam – written assignment Answering open-ended and closed-ended questions.
- will enhance skills of autonomous work, in particular, critical reading and thinking skills,in collecting analysing and synthesizing information, evaluating and comparing various phenomena	Presentations, discussions, and media analysis	Oral presentation, group discussion, project completion and presentation
- will be able to analyse targeted language manifestations, evaluate and compare their intended message and efficacy of communication.	Presentations, discussions, and media analysis	Participation in seminar discussion, project completion and presentation

will develop and enhance argumentative	
skills, will be able to use major rhetorical	
strategies to convey information in an	
effective way	

			Co	ntact	hours	Individual work: time and			
									assignments
Content	Lectures	Futorials	Seminars	Workshops	Laboratory work	Internship	Contact hours, tota	Individual work	Tasks for individual work
1. Leadership: what is it? The communicative aspect of leadership: "Creativity, like leadership, is based on our capacity for creating and manipulating symbols" (Hackman&Johnson (2013: 103). Language as a social phenomenon and aform of influence. Cracking the Da Vinci Code of Language as an instrument of power and empowerment. Course aims, objectives and expected outcomes. Leadership in language is constituted by understanding the symbolism hidden in various social and cultural forms, ability to identify/interpret the symbolism in language and the skill to construct such symbols in a targeted way in order to achieve a desired communicative effect.			33			I	1	2	Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; discussion; group project (Note: reading allotmentper student not to exceed 20 pages). Mandatory lit-re: Hackman&Johnson (2013: 35-36; 62-67; 147-148) Paxson (2010: 57- 70, 78-91) Perloff (2003: 18) Home assignment MOODLE: (question(s) to reflect upon) Hackman&Johnso n (2013: 67),
2. Leadership components. Leadership traits and follower traits. How to be and not to be a leader in a group. Group decision-making. Groups vs teams. Exploring leadership as a communicative situation. Class Opinion poll: 1) value scale: What are the top skills the employers want?	1		3				4	6	questions 1, 2, 9) Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; discussion; group project (Note: reading allotmentper student not to exceed 20 pages). Mandatory lit-re: Hackman&Johnson (2013: 35-36; 62-67; 147-148) Paxson (2010: 57- 70, 78-91)

	1	I	1		I		D. 1. (f. (2002 - 10)
							Perloff (2003 : 18)
							Home assignment MOODLE:
							(question(s) to
							reflect upon)
							Hackman&Johnso n (2013: 67),
							questions 1, 2, 9)
3. Developing visual literacy. Signs and	2		3		5	8	Lecture materials,
their components. Convention vs							reading
arbitrariness. Organizational symbols and							assignments
myths. Mythology at the organizational level: vision statement. Developing a							available on MOODLE:
team vision statement.							discussion. Group
, 15231 Suite 11010							project. (Note:
							reading allotment
							per student not to
							exceed 20 pages).
							Mandatory lit-re:
							Hackman&Johnson
							(2013: 73-77,
							84-85, 87-88; 103- 106; 114-116
							(team vision); 204-
							205; 217-219;
							244-246)
							Fi 1 (2011 42 40
							Fiske (2011: 42-49; 50-56)
							Home assignment MOODLE:
							(question(s) to
							reflect upon) 1.
							Understanding
							self: relationship
							preferences at work. Assessing
							follower traits
							Questionnaire
							completion (p. 79)
							2. Practice decision
							making (Hackman&Johnson
							(2013: 211- 213)
4. Coding signs through language	2		4		6	8	Lecture materials,
and structure. Communication: schema,							reading
schemata, memory, frames. Lakoff's ideas on metaphoricity.							assignments available on
Sources of creativity in language: new							available on MOODLE;
combinations and/or associations							discussion and
between existing elements.							practical mini-
Psycholinguistic implications of the							assignments.
workings of the human brain.							Group project.
							(Note: reading allotment per
							student not to
							exceed 20 pages).
							Mandatory lit-re: Lakoff and
							Johnson (2003:
							CH.1-2), Fiske

						(2011: 101-115)
						Team project: Metaphor analysis and identification in songs. What areten popular songs about?
5. Language as power. Construction of the text/discourse, identifying power relationships. Powerful and powerless talk. Producing persuasive speech. Dealing with manipulative behaviours.	2	4		6	8	Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; practical miniassignments; discussion; team project. (Note: reading allotment per student not to exceed 20 pages). Mandatory lit-re:
						Van Dijk (2006); Hackman&Johnson (2013: 147- 149) Davies (2008: 156- 158)
						Home assignment MOODLE: (question(s) to reflect upon andpreparation for a group presentation) Explore the attitudes to one of
						topical issues of the recent years, e.g., Brexit, globalization, COVID, climate change, gender card, race card, or any other contested
						issue of your choice. How are the opposing viewpoints framed in each case?
6. Leader as flexibility in combining analyst and erudite skills. Manifestations of creativity in popular culture: reading and interpreting references in songs. The three types of references, the role of identification. Can there be a universally understandable reference? <i>Major script</i>	2	4		6	8	Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; discussion. (Note: reading allotment per student not to exceed 20 pages).
archetypes.						Mandatory literature: Paxson 2010: 154-162), Kress and Leeuwen (2006 / 2020: 175- 214, selected pages, student's choice)

	1	ı	ı	ı			1	
								Supplementary litre: Illustration: Universal plots: https://www.sparko l.com/en/Blog/ The-7-universal- story-plots-that- still-entrance- audiences Jungian archetypes in advertising: https://www.sparko l.com/en/Blog/ The- 12-brand- archetypes-all- successful- businesses-are- built-on Bechter et al. (2016) Home assignment MOODLE: (question(s) to reflect upon and preparation for discussion)Identify and analyze referencesand/or archetypes in a music videoand/or
7. Enhancing interpretive skills in mixed media. Scale extension: from Film as ideology (e.g., <i>The Naked Island</i>) to going pop: memesand emoji. The consumer as the decision-maker: nurturing consumer's inclinations toward script development.	2		4			6	8	film of your choice. Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; discussion, debate. (Note: reading allotment per student not to exceed 20 pages). Mandatory lit-re: Ramage, Bean, &
								Johnson (2014: 144- 165 (about 10 pages total of reading; remaining are images) Supplementary literature: Shifman (2012, 2014); Kress and
								Leeuwen (2006/2020: 239-265, selected pages, student's choice) Home assignment on MOODLE: (question(s) to reflect upon)

								1. In your
								opinion, are films
								theappropriate
								medium for the
								construction of
								ideology? Why?
								Provide examples
								and interpretation
								to argument your
								answer.
								2. In your opinion,
								what place do emoji
								and memes take in
								present- day
								communication?
								Why so?
								Are there any
								emerging means of
	1							communication you
	1							are aware of? What
	1							are they and how do
	1							they function?
8. Leadership in culture as	2		4			6	8	Lecture materials,
understanding consumers'	1							reading assignments
needsMaslow's Hierarchy of								available on
Needs.								MOODLE;
Basic principles of constructing								discussion; group
positive and negative images to promote								project. (Note:
brand, product, or personality. Analysis								reading allotment
of advertisements (and/or commercials)								per student not to
then and now. Intranslatability, and the								exceed 20 pages).
concept of localisation: What's wrong								Mandatany lit was
with the translation of Olympus' slogan 'Perfection to the limit' into Lithuanian								Mandatory lit-re: Hackman&Johnson
as "Galimybių riba"? Examining the								(2013:100-
shopping carts of electronic shops.								111; 204-210)
shopping carts of electronic shops.								111, 204-210)
								Supplementary
								literature:
								Krikmann (2006)
								14114mam (2000)
	1							Home assignment
								MOODLE:
								(question to reflect
	1							upon) Analyse
	1							advertisements of a
	1							specific genre.OR
	1							Explore the
	1							language
	1							component of urban
	1							design: namesof
	1							places we go to
	1							(shops, gyms,
	1							bars, hairdresser's).
	1							(e.g., What
	1							ideas do names of
	1							an apparel shop
	1							Gyvenimo bažnyčia,
	1							design shop
	1							Egoistas, and gyms like Impulsas and
								Olimpas convey?)
	1							In both cases,
	1							consider covert
	1	1	1	<u> </u>			l	Constact Covett

							shopping carts of
9. Language and social behaviour. When/whether cultures go different paths: professional milieus of journalism. Cultural behavioural models. Technological and philosophical implications of cultural trends. The notion of mediatization. Further insights into the attributes of social leadership: targeted language use and debates.	2		4		6	8	electronic shops. Lecture materials, reading assignments available on MOODLE; discussion. (Note: reading allotment per student not to exceed 20 pages). Mandatory lit-re: Hackman&Johnson (2013: 35-36, 97-98; 197; 326-331; Harraway 1991: 149-181; Kaun & Fast 2014: 19-24 OR Hjarvard 2008, selected pages, student's choice) Supplementary lit-re: Hanitzsch (2011) — portions of the article to be distributed among students. Paxson (2010: 211-222) Home assignment MOODLE: (question(s) to reflect
							upon) Prepare for a debate in class. ONE topic to be negotiated with the students)
10. Summary of the course.		1	2		2	6	Synthesis and
							application of ideas of reading
							assignments conducted
							throughout the
							term; concluding remarks.
Preparation for the exam						12	Essay
Tota	1 16		32		48	82	_

Assessment strategy	Weight %	Deadline	Assessment criteria
Participation in discussions during seminars, completionof individual mini- assignments	45%	Regularly during the semester,	Students are required to attend seminars, complete class and homework assignments and discuss them along the guidelines provided, participate in discussions and deliver projects.

		starting week 2	Criteria for assessment of presentations in group projects and work during seminars: preparedness, quality of content, coherence and depth of analysis, involvement, creativity, each assigned a max. of 2 points with the total of 10 points per assignment (see detailed grading rubric below). Team projects — in teams of 3-4 students (see Grading Rubric below)
Two projects throughout semester: Team project: Individual project	10% 15%	Week 6 and 12	For grading, see A Grading Rubric for a Presentation during a Team Project below
Final examination – written assignment	30%	During exam session	An exam paper. The student will be given one or two open questions and will have to write a reflective essay as an answer to each of the questions. A list of up to 12 questions will be provided by the instructor prior to the exam. Grading rubric: - Content (3 points) - Logical progression of thought: organization of answer, consecutive development of ideas and coherence of exposition (3 points) - Value of the arguments/examples provided, ability to elicit examples from phenomena observed in daily media (2 points) - Valid incorporation of course literature into the paper, abilityto combine different sources to argument a point (2 points) 10 points represent 30 % of the final grade

Grading Rubric for a Presentation during a Team Project Criteria for assessment of presentations in groups projects and work during seminars

Criteria for assessment of Assessment

Strong (2 points) Average (1 point) Weak (0.5 points) presentations in group

projects and work during

seminars

Preparedness Preparation of a plan; selection of appropriate literature, incorporation of

additional sources

Quality of content Thoroughness of coverage, clear explanation of a point providing relevant and

convincing argumentation; ability to engage the audience, ability to convey the

message in an authoritative way

analysis

Coherence and depth of Coherence and cohesion of argumentation; logical development of presentation;

proper foregrounding of essential points; ability to signal transitions and

conclusions

Involvement Ability to provide arguments and counterarguments to peers' views when

disagreeing; overall involvement in class discussions; willingness and consistent

attempt to generate new viewpoints

Creativity A conscious effort to contribute to and extend an existing viewpoint with a new

perspective (including providing an example/comparison/counterargument); effort to relate to other phenomena in own presentation and/or a conscious effort

at originality

Total / 10max

A Grading Rubric for Assessing participation during seminars

Assessment

Criteria for assessment of	Strong (2 points)	Average (1 point)	Weak (0.5 points)	None (0)		
work during			•			
seminars						
Strong	extensive comment thought-provoking	utes during class discuss OR contributes at least question opening a new	with one comment discussion OR adds	and at least one an unexpected,		
		perspective on the issue		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
	C	nvolvement OR guides	0 1	through the		
	assignment in a way	that contributes to qual	ity output			
Average	The student contributes on one occasion in a way that demonstrates his/her					
	understanding of th	e topic discussed, OR as	ks one question rai	sing a new		
	discussion and, thro	oughout the class, shows	some involvement			
Weak	The student does no	ot demonstrate significar	it involvement in th	e discussion and/or		
	does not ask question	ons, but demonstrates an	effort to work in a	collaborative way		
	and follows the inst	ructions		•		
None	The student is not p	repared for discussions	during seminars OF	is absent OR		
		on and work in class and				
	J			Total / 10max		

Author (-s)	Publishing year	Title	Issue of a periodical or volume of a publication	Publishing house or web link				
Required reading								
Hackman, M., Z. Johnson, Craig E.	2013	Leadership:A Communication Perspective	Long Grove [III.]	Waveland Press				
Lakoff, G., M. Johnson	2003	Metaphors We Live By	London	The University of Chicago Press http://shu.bg/tadmin/uplo ad/storage/161.pdf				
Kress, G. and Th. Leeuwen	2006/202	Reading Images. The Grammar of Visual Design	3 rd ed.	Routledge				
Van Dijk, T.	2006	Discourse and Manipulation. In Language and Society, Vol.17(2): 359–383		Sage Publications. Discourses.org				
Recommended reading								
Hanitzsch, Th.	2011	Populist Disseminators, Detached Watchdogs, Critical Change Agents and Opportunist Facilitators: Professional Milieus, the Journalistic Field and Autonomy in 18 Countries.	International Communication Gazette 73(6), 477–494.					
Bryman A., Collinson, D. L., Grint, K., Jackson, B., Uhl-Bien, M.	2011	The Sage Handbook of Leadership		Sage Publications Ltd.				
Fiske, J.	2011	Introduction to Communication Studies	London, New York	Routledge				
Ramage, John D., John C.Bean, and June Johnson	2014	The Allyn and Bacon Guide to Writing (Concise edition)	7th edition	Pearson				
Davies, M.	2008	Opposition in news discourse: the ideological construction of us	PhD dissertation. Un-ty of Huddersfield	http://eprints.hud.ac.uk/ id/eprint/8352/				

		and them in the British press		
Bechter, Cl., Farinelli, G., Daniel, RD., Frey, M.	2016	Advertising between Archetype and Brand Personality		www.mdpi.com/2076- 3387/6/2/5/pdf
Kaun, A., Fast, K.	2014	Mediatization of culture and everyday life	Karlstad University Studies 2014:13	http://sh.diva- portal.org/smash/get/d iva2:698718/FULLTE XT02.pdf
https://www.sparkol.co m		Exposition on Jungian archetypes and their manifestation in advertising		
Krikmann, A.	2006	Contemporary Linguistic theories of humour. In <i>Folklore</i> 33 (2006), 27-58		https://www.folklore.ee /folklore/vol33/kriku.p df
Perloff, R.M.	2003	The Dynamics of Persuasion: Communication and Attitudes in the 21st Century		Mahwah: New Jersay&London: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates, Publishers
Paxson, P.	2010	Mass Communications and Media Studies		Continuum: Paxson and Peyton

Updated 16 April 2024